	Progression of skills from Autumn 1 to Summer 2.								
		Comm							
Communication and Language ELG Listening, Attention and Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. ELG Speaking Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. 									
Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Listening, Attention and Understanding	To understand how to listen carefully. To understand why listening is important. To be able to follow instructions/directions.	To engage in story times, joining in with repeated phrases and actions. To begin to understand how and why questions. To respond to instructions with more than one step.	To ask questions to find out more. To begin to understand humour. To understand a range of complex sentence structures.	To retell a story. To follow a story without pictures of props.	To understand questions such as who, what, where, when, why and how.	To have conversations with adults and peers with back and forth interactions.			
Speaking	To talk in front of a small group.	To answer questions in front of a whole class.	To develop confidence to talk	To share their work with others.	To link statements and stick to a main theme.	To talk to a range of adults around the school.			

To talk to their te and other suppo adults. To learn new vocabulary linke the project learr	orting To use new vocabulary throughout their learning and play.	to other adults they know at school. To talk in sentences using a conjunction e.g. and or because.	To use new vocabulary in a range of contexts. To engage in nonfiction books.	To use talk to organise, sequence and clarify their thinking, ideas, feelings and events.	To talk in sentences
--	--	---	--	---	----------------------

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

ELG Self - Regulation

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. **ELG Managing Self**
- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG Building Relationships

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Self-Regulation	To recognise different emotions. To understand how people show emotions. To focus during short whole class activities. To follow one-step instructions.	To talk about how they are feeling; comfortable, uncomfortable. To consider how others are feeling and how their behaviour affects that. To change their behaviour to a range of situations.	To maintain their focus during longer whole class input sessions. To follow an instruction which involves more than one step.	To manage their feelings and emotions. To continue to consider the needs and feelings of others.	To continue to learn how to manage and control their emotions using a range of techniques.	To be able to maintain their focus during extended whole class teaching sessions and independent learning activities.

Managing Self	To independently be able to - Use the toilet - Wash hands - Put coat on - Change shoes into wellington boats	To have confidence to try new activities. To develop ability to follow the rules of the classroom. To begin to understand the	To begin to show resilience and perseverance when faced with a challenge. To independently manage to fasten a zipper on a coat.	To identify and name healthy foods. To understand the importance of healthy food choices.	To show a good level of independence in their ability to manage their own basic needs. To independently put their uniform on including	To show a 'can do' attitude to change and transition.
	To explore the Reception environment.		To independently manage to fasten button.		managing to fasten zippers, buttons and buckles with minimal support.	
Building Relationships	To seek support from adults when needed. To gain confidence to speak to others in their class and to adults. To play with children who are playing with the same activity.	To identify adults who are 'safe adults', which they can speak to if they are feeling uncomfortable. To begin to develop friendships. To begin to develop positive relationships with Reception staff.	To begin to work as a group with support from adults. To take turns during group work and when playing games together.	To listen to the ideas of others. To find solutions to disagreements, with support from adults.	To develop relationships with other adults around the school – to support transition. To communicate with a range of people within school.	To listen to the ideas of others and show the ability to find solutions and compromise during teamwork activities or during play. To have developed strong friendships.

Physical Development

ELG Gross Motor Skills

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG Fine Motor Skills

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Area	Autumn 1 (Introduction to P.E 1)	Autumn 2 (Introduction to P.E 2)	Spring 1 – (Dance 1)	Spring 2 - (Dance 2)	Summer 1 – (Games 1)	Summer 2 – (Games 2)
Gross Motor Skills	To move safely within a given space. To stop safely. To jump, hop, balance and move in a variety of ways with increasing control.	To run, change direction and stop on a given signal. To demonstrate control over their body when moving around the hall and using equipment. Run, jump, throw, catch, role, skip.	To explore different body parts and how they move. To copy and create actions in time to a piece of music. To communicate ideas through movement, demonstrating confidence and imagination. To move with control and coordination linking copying and repeating patterns. To safely explore apparatus, balancing, travelling and jumping safely; around, over and through.	To move in time to a piece of music, following the rhythm and use counting to help keep in time. To copy and create actions in time to a piece of music. To communicate ideas through movement, demonstrating confidence and imagination. To create short sequences using shapes, balances and travelling movements. To explore movement using a	To run balance change direction, throw and catch. Work safely running and stopping. Follow instruction when playing tagging games. To play by rules given and develop co-ordination. To learn to play as a team. To learn to play against an opponent. To follow instructions safely and carefully when playing team games.	Run, change direction, throw catch strike. To aim when throwing and keeping score Continue following instruction and move safely when playing tagging games. Accuracy when throwing to a target / throw and catch with a partner and play against them. To develop coordination and play by the

				prop with control and coordination.		rules and working as a team.
Fine Motor Skills	To use a dominant hand. To mark make using shapes. To begin to use a tripod grip when	To hold a knife and fork correctly. To begin to use anticlockwise movements and	To continue to use a tripod grip for mark making. To thread with small beads. To use small pegs.	To hold scissors safely and correctly and cut out large shapes. To write letters using the correct letter	To hold scissors safely and correctly and cut out various materials. To paint using thinner brushes.	To create detail in drawings, using a range of tools accurately. To cut out shapes, materials and
	using mark making tools. To thread large beads. To use large pegs. To hold scissors correctly and make snips in paper. To use tweezers to transfer objects. To make points in playdoh by pinching.	retrace vertical lines. To hold scissors correctly and cut along a straight or zig zagged line. To use a tripod grip when mark making. To write taught letters using correct letter formation.	To write taught letters using correct letter formation.	formation and control the size of the letters formed.	To form letters using the correct letter formation and control the size of the letter, considering where they sit on the given line.	resources with skill and accuracy. To independently use a knife and fork for all appropriate meals.

Literacy

ELG Comprehension

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

ELG Word Reading

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Comprehension	To use pictures to tell stories. To listen to stories read and engage in story time. To independently look at a book, holding it the correct way and turning pages carefully.	To sequence familiar stories. To join in with repeated phrases and actions in stories. To begin to answer questions about stories read to them. To enjoy an increasing range of books, which may include fiction, nonfiction, poems and rhyme.	To role play and act out stories they have heard. To begin to understand the sequence of a story, identifying the beginning, middle and end.	To begin to predict what might happen next in a story. To suggest what might happen at the end of a story. To retell a story, they have heard. To follow a story without pictures of props. To identify and talk about the characters in books they are enjoying listening to or reading.	To begin to answer questions about what they have read. To use vocabulary that is influenced by their experience of books.	To answer questions about what they have read. To know information can be retrieved from books. To use a book to find the answer to a given question.

Word Reading	To recognise their written name. To recognise taught autumn 1 sounds – see LW. To identify the initial sound in words.	To recognise taught Autumn sounds – see LW. To begin to recognise taught Autumn 2 sounds – see LW. To read books matching their phonics ability.	To recognise autumn sounds – see LW. To read taught tricky words.	To recognise taught Autumn and spring 1 sounds – see LW. To read taught tricky words. To read books matching their phonics ability.	To recognise taught Autumn sounds, spring sounds and summer 1 sounds – see LW. To read taught tricky words. To read books matching their phonics ability.	To recognise taught Autumn, spring and summer – see LW. To read taught tricky words. To read books matching their phonics ability.
--------------	--	--	---	--	--	---

To begin to orally blend sounds in short words.	To blend sounds to read words using taught sounds. To begin reading captions and sentences using taught sounds.	To read captions and sentences using taught sounds.	To read captions and sentences using taught sounds.	To begin to read longer captions and sentences using taught sounds.	To begin to read longer captions and sentences using taught sounds.
Any children struggling up)	g with phonics and rea	ding to access keep up	sessions on a regular	basis with testing. (Se	e Little Wandle keep

Writing	To copy letter shapes which are familiar to them e.g. from their name.	To write their name. To use the correct letter formation of	To form lower case letters correctly, from the correct starting point.	To begin to form capital letters correctly.	To form lower and capital letters correctly.	To form lower and capital letters correctly.
	To give meaning to the marks they make as they write.	taught letters. To write words and labels using taught sounds.	To begin to write sentences using finger spaces.	To understand that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop.	To begin to write longer words which are spelt phonetically.	To write sentences using a capital letter, finger spaces and a full stop.
	To copy taught shapes and letters. To write the initial sounds in words.	To begin to write captions using taught sounds.	To spell words using taught sounds, including tricky words. To spell some tricky words correctly.	To write sentences using finger spaces and full stops. To spell words using taught sounds.	To begin to use a capital letter at the start of a sentence. To begin to read their written work back and check for meaning.	To begin to read their written work back and check for meaning.

Mathematics

ELG Number

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG Numerical Patterns

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
 Shape, Space and Measure there are no early learning goals that directly relate to shape, space and measure objectives. However, children will have experienced rich opportunities to develop their spatial reasoning skills in shape, space and measure.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Number	To recognise numbers To begin to subitise to 5 To find one more of num To find one less of num To explore the compos To match the written nu to 5. To know addition facts	5. mbers to 5. oers to 5. ition of numbers to 5. umeral to a quantity	To recognise number To begin to subitise to To find one more of m To find one less of num To explore the compo- 10. To match the written to 10. To continue to recall make 5 and identify t To estimate a numbe To practise pairs of nu To begin to learn dou	 a 10. b 10. c mbers to 10. c mbers that make 10. 	To recognise numbers to 20. To revise pairs of numbers which equal 5. To continue to practise recalling pairs of numbers that make 10.	To know addition and subtraction facts to 10. To recall double facts to 10. To explore how to make numbers above ten using tens and ones.

(See white rose long term plan form break down of blocked sessions)

Numerical Patterns	To identify which group of objects has more. To identify which group of objects has less.	To count to 15. To count given objects up to 10.	To understand the difference between odd and even numbers to 10.	To add two given quantities to find the total.	To know that 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 are odd numbers.
	To compare quantities up to 5.		To combine two groups of objects by counting all of them	To subtract a one	To know that 2, 4, 6,
	To compare equal and unequal groups.	To order numbers to 10.		digit from another one digit number.	8 and 10 are even numbers.
	To count forward to 5 and then to 10.	To compare quantities to 10.	together.	To count to 20.	

	To count backward from 5 to 0 and then 10 to 0.	To find the missing number from a number line.	To take objects away and count how many are left.	To order numbers to 20.	To find half of numbers up to 10.
	To order numbers to 5.			To double numbers up to 10.	To share quantities equally.
					To combine groups of 2, 5 and 10s.

Shape, Space and Measure	To sort objects against given criteria.	To measure height using cubes.	
and measure	To compare capacity, length, height and size.	To measure length using cubes.	
	To complete a repeating pattern of 2 objects or colours.	To begin to recognise times on the clock to o'clock.	
	To recognise and name circle, square, rectangle and triangle.	To begin to name 3D shapes: cube, sphere, cuboid, pyramid, cylinder.	
	To begin to explore the properties of 2D shapes.	To begin to explore the properties of 3D shapes.	
	To make shape pictures.	To complete a repeating pattern with more than 2 variables of	
	To order days of the week.	objects or colours.	
	To sequence daily event using words related time.		

Understanding the World

Past and Present

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

People, Culture and Communities

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. The Natural World
- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

Technology – There are no early learning goals that directly relate to computing objectives, It is still expected that children will be introduced to appropriate technology and use it within their provision.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Past and Present	To be able to identify how they have changed from when they were a baby.	To talk about the lives of the people around us. To know some similarities and differences between thing in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class.	To know about the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	To know some similar between things in the drawing on experien been read in class. To know about the p characters and even books read in class a (growing food and fo (castles)	e past and now, ces and what has ast through settings, its encountered in nd storytelling	To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class. To know about the past through settings, characters

People, Culture and Communities	To be able to talk about their own lives – my family, my school, my world. To recognise similarities and differences between themselves and their peers.	To know about people who help us within the local community. To identify different celebrations and how people celebrate.	To talk about Chinese New Year. (transport)	To know that Christians celebrate Easter.	To know that simple symbols are used to identify features on a map.	and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling (seaside)
	To know the name of the town where they live.	To talk about how Hindus celebrate Diwali. To know the Christmas story and how it is celebrated.				
The Natural World	To describe what they and feel when they are To know features of the environment. To identify and recogni Autumn.	e outside. ir own immediate	To identify and recognise the features of Winter.	To identify and recognise the features of Spring. To talk about a simple map and draw information from it.	To identify the features of a woodland and identify the animals that live there. To know and compare habitats. Plants	To identify and recognise the features of Summer. To know and compare habitats. To know there are many countries around the world. To know about the features of the world – forests, rainforests, jungles, deserts, beaches and oceans.

Technology	To show an interest in technological toys such as IWB, iPads, toys with knobs, pulleys and buttons.	To learn about how to use the IPad. To draw pictures of the IWB and be able to select colours. Voice recording on the IPad of what they	Start to use QR code in challenge book, with support. To draw pictures of the IWB and be able to select colours and change pen size. Using the IPad to take pictures of their learning in provision with some supervision.	Using QR code on the IPad using the IPad to take pictures of their learning in provision, add on notes.	Using the Ipads with increasing independence.	To give reasons why we need to stay safe online. Using the IPads independently and safely.
	Teaching children to us	e the IPad safely and t	o ensure internet safety	/ throughout the year.		

Expressive Arts and Design

Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative and Expressive

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Creating with Materials Following Kapow	Explore mark making using a materials.	a range of drawing d patterns when drawing. a sa a tool. ours and textures as they tting a variety of of cutting eg. -zags. lay. and shape soft y.	 Make natural painting tools. Investigate natural materials eg paint, water for painting. Explore paint textures, for example mixing in other materials or adding water. Experiment with threading objects, holding equipment steady to do so. Explore techniques for joining paper and card 		 Practise looking ca Combine materials 	arefully when drawing. when drawing. oress ideas and feelings. stimuli when as and compositions in collage. er ready to make in out solutions when

Being Imaginative and Expressive.	To experiment with different instruments and their sounds.	To join in with whole school singing assemblies.	To join in with whole school singing assemblies.
Kapow music scheme See document for progression.	Explore a variety of nursery rhymes and retelling of traditional tales. To talk about whether they like/dislike a piece of music.	To create musical patterns using a variety of instruments. To move in time to music and learn dance routines.	To create own compositions using different musical instruments e.g xylophones. Building on musical vocabulary.
	To create musical patterns using body percussion. To use costumes, songs and resources to act out the Nativity.	To act out well-known stories.	